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* Unless revised, all references to the European Asylum Support Office (EASO) in this Strategy will apply to the European Union Agency for Asylum (EUAA) if/when the proposed Regulation is approved and takes effect.
1. Introduction and summary: this update

Effectively communicating clear and understandable information on the activities of the European Asylum Support Office (EASO) is an obligation for a publicly funded Agency.

The EASO Communication Strategy defines EASO’s goals in the field of communications and how to achieve them. It identifies the main target audiences, the key messages EASO aims to disseminate, and the means by which the Agency will deliver them.

This Communication Strategy revises and updates EASO’s first strategy, which was published in May 2014. In doing so, this update does not seek to replace the original, as many of the elements thereof remain relevant today.

This update seeks to align the Communication activities of EASO with developments in the Agency, as well as those within the EU’s broader policy narrative on migration and asylum over the past five years. It also adjusts for lessons learned within EASO’s communications team through its activities in the past few years, as well as feedback received from various sources. The EASO Communication Strategy is implemented by the Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector, under the management of the Spokesperson and Head of Unit/Sector. The ultimate guidance and instructions as to its implementation, including through EASO’s annual Communication Plans, lie with the Executive Director of the Agency.

This Communication Strategy aims to (i) increase general recognition of EASO, its value, what it does, as well as (and partly in order to accomplish the former) (ii) make the perception of the Agency more relevant to socio-policy discourse amongst the European ‘general population’ as well as policy makers.

In doing so, the two most-significant shifts between the 2014 EASO Communication Strategy and this update concern the target audience and the focal content of the Agency’s communication activities. In terms of target audience, the primary focus of EASO’s communication activities shifts away from asylum practitioners and specialised audiences, to the broader general public and EU/Member State political and policy stakeholders.

In order to make EASO more relevant to these target audiences, EASO’s communications will prioritise communication content which is of a more policy-based (less-specialised) nature, and which is therefore of relevance and interest to a broad audience. This transition has, in effect, already begun being implemented since 2017, and has yielded dramatic results in terms of the reach of the Agency’s communications. Notably, EASO’s communication content will prioritise (See ‘Communication principles, content and roles’ for more details):

- Asylum trends/data;
- EASO operations;
- Linkages between socio-policy issues and asylum.

EASO will, however, continue to promote the Agency’s specialised work, as has been the case to-date. In terms of delivery, EASO’s communications activities are consolidated into the following pillars:

- Press and media;
- Social media, notably through audio-visual content;
- Campaigns (delivered through different tools).
The Communication Strategy can be amended and revised at any point. It is intended to be a live and flexible document that can be adapted, either through a revision of the document itself, but more regularly through the annual Communications Plans, which provide the framework for the Strategy’s implementation.

**OBJECTIVES**
- Raise public profile
- Make EASO relevant
- Strengthen credibility
- Manage expectations

**FORMAT**
- Audio-visual
- Short, simple & clear
- Speed
- Only messages which are ‘relevant’ & ‘sellable’

**TARGET AUDIENCE**
- EU Public
- EU / Member State political and policy stakeholders

**DELIVERY**
- Press & Mass Media
- Social Media
- Campaigns

**CONTENT**
- Asylum trends / data
- EASO operations
- Linkage between socio-policy issues and asylum
2. SWOT analysis

The SWOT analysis below, which is specific to EASO’s communications, is based on findings of the internal evaluation of EASO conducted by the European Commission in advance of the 2014 EASO Communication Strategy and on the Communication team’s own findings. It also accounts for lessons learned in the implementation of the original Communication Strategy, feedback from EASO’s Communication Multipliers meetings, as well as regular interaction with stakeholders.

- EASO’s mandate is closely associated with migration, which is of high public interest;
- Reputation of the Agency has recovered and improved following the negative press on EASO’s internal controls, procurement and finances;
- Agency’s financial resources have increased, allowing for sufficient funding of communication activities;
- EASO’s operational support has strengthened, giving the Agency a more visible presence;
- Strong appetite amongst the media and policy makers for asylum data;
- In-house expertise on Common European Asylum System (CEAS).

- Specialised content and mandate make it difficult to reach out to general public;
- Geographical position of EASO makes it challenging to easily meet with media and press;
- Despite recuperation in EASO’s reputation, the Agency image continues to be vulnerable due to the legacy of past negative media attention;
- Misunderstanding of EASO’s mandate;
- EASO often overshadowed by more ‘politically relevant’ Agencies;
- Perception amongst some NGO’s that EASO is not fully transparent.

STRENGTHS

- New pending EUAA mandate;
- New organisational structure;
- EASO has numerous audio-visual and social media tools at its disposal;
- Strong internal communication tools;
- Solid, and growing, awareness of EASO in the International press;
- Planned recruitment of new staff;
- Professional in-house design, pre-press and printing capabilities.

WEAKNESSES

- Spill-over of criticism of EU’s migration and asylum policies;
- Operations in Greece are subject to criticism (notably by NGOs);
- Limited human resources;
- High expectations which do not match EASO’s mandate;
- Difficulties to reach significant audiences which have no interest in asylum policies and/or practices;
- Ongoing scrutiny of EASO’s governance, procurement, recruitment and practices;
- Limitations posed by Early Warning and Preparedness System (EPS) data rules heavily restricts what data can be made public.

OPPORTUNITIES

THREATS
3. Objectives

EASO’s overall communication objective is to efficiently and effectively communicate with its target audience, as well as other stakeholders. EASO communication efforts shall aim at the following:

- **Raising the public profile** of the Agency as playing a **valuable** role. As a publicly-funded Agency, awareness of EASO and what added value it brings is a cornerstone of any communication activity;

- **Make EASO relevant** beyond audiences that work directly within the field of asylum and/or migration. EASO, and through it the CEAS/EU’s asylum policies and practices, should not be viewed in isolation, but rather as **interlinked with international developments**, such as security, environmental events and political unrest;

- **Strengthen the credibility** of the Agency by communicating in a consistent, efficient and transparent manner. EASO will aim to ensure that information that is disseminated is both accurate as well as easy to understand. **The unnecessary use of technical terminology is to be avoided**, but can be tailored according to the specific audience of an activity;

- **Reacting swiftly to questions from the media.** In the fast-paced news cycle, EASO **should be seen as a dependable partner for journalists**. All questions should be answered within 8 business hours (24 hours), with the exception of very sensitive or complicated questions;

- **Managing expectations.** The Agency’s role must be fully explained. Any unjustified expectations and misconceptions must be avoided, such as that the Agency will solve all the asylum issues of the Member States or that it has an executive role;

- **Keeping EASO staff members informed.** With regard to internal communications, EASO staff members shall be well informed on the activities and mission of the Agency so that they can act as EASO ambassadors. EASO staff members shall also be kept up-to-date on developments in the areas of asylum and migration in the EU.
4. Communication principles, content and roles

EASO’s approach to its communication activities will be grounded on the following principles:

- **Transparency** – EASO will be as open as possible in all its communication, including when responding to inquiries. While some data and information that the Agency processes is restricted for a variety of reasons, given EASO’s mandate this only represents a limited proportion. The *de facto* position is that full disclosure should be given. When not possible, such a refusal should be fully justified on factual grounds.

- **Speed** – In order to be a valuable partner of the press and media – which work to tight deadlines – EASO will ensure that it is timely and quick with both its proactive and reactive communication. Queries will be responded to within 24 hours (8 business hours) on workdays, with the exception of highly sensitive or complicated queries. In such cases, the requestor will be informed of potential delays.

- **Humility and trust** – The Agency will be open when mistakes are made and recognise such cases in an open and proactive manner. In all interactions directly with journalists, EASO will adopt a ‘partnership’ attitude, while all communication language will strive to portray the Agency as reliable and trustworthy.

- **Engagement** – EASO will engage consistently and proactively with its audiences, while balancing against overloading or diluting the receptivity of its communications. This principal applies in particular to social media outreach, where timing and regularity will be carefully considered in all activities, as well as press releases/campaigns, where too much/frequent material could easily become counterproductive. EASO will also ensure a two-way approach to communication, welcoming and reacting to comments and feedback. This is particularly the case on social media. Audio-visual material will be prioritised.

- **Clarity and simplicity** – Messages and content must be as simple and easy to understand as possible. Bearing in mind the broad target audience in this strategy, and without being inaccurate or misleading, EASO is to avoid technical terminology, unnecessary legalistic clarification and academic/legislative-styled linguistics. This *de facto* principle, however, is amendable to the specific target audience, wherefore a technical Agency such as EASO also addresses specialised audiences in its communication.

- **Relevance** – EASO communication should always ensure that the audience understands why the message is of relevance to them, as well as what the implication of the message is.

**Content and roles**

In order to make EASO more relevant to its target audiences, EASO’s communication will prioritise communication content which is of a more political (less-specialised) nature, and which is therefore of relevance and interest to a broad audience. This transition has, in effect, already begun being implemented since 2017, and has yielded dramatic results in terms of the reach of the Agency’s communications, both on social media engagement as well as the reach of press articles mentioning EASO. In the latter case, the trend can be seen in the table hereunder:
Notably, EASO’s communication content will prioritise:

- **Asylum trends/data** – This content focus has proven particularly successful in the past two years, as it is a highly ‘sellable’ product of EASO and of particular interest to the press and policy makers. It has accounted for a significant portion of the increased communication reach of EASO. Continued regular and varied data communication output will continue, with a focus on tailoring to broader geo-political debates. The Communication and Public Relations Unit / Sector will work closely with the Information and Asylum Knowledge Centre (C3) in order to overcome restrictions to public dissemination posed by EPS (Early warning and Preparedness System) rules.

- **EASO Operations** – EASO’s operational support is the most visible element of the Agency’s support activities. It also provides a rare and varied opportunity for visuals that are a very important element in producing appealing communication products in the contemporary media environment.

- **Linkages between socio-policy issues and asylum** – In order to make EASO’s work more relevant to a broader audience, EASO will strive to deploy communication products relating to major regional and/or international developments. Examples could include environmental events, political destabilisation, EU policy or legislative developments and armed conflict, all of which can be related to the work of EASO (Situational Awareness Unit, Country of Origin Information (COI), operations, third country support, etc.), the CEAS and asylum more broadly.

Despite the above three focal pillars, **EASO will continue to promote all of the Agency’s specialised work**, as has been the case to-date.

All public external and internal (excluding business-related) communication in EASO is under the responsibility of the Communication and Public Relations Unit / Sector, acting under the management of the Spokesperson(s) and/or Head(s) of Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector.
EASO publications and management of its communication tools are also under the responsibility of the Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector. Any publication that is to be made publicly available outside of the Agency should be approved beforehand. This excludes restricted and regular reports that utilise standardised formats and templates (See also ‘Pre-press, publications and translations’).

In order to ensure a **centralised approach to communication**, and building on an existing committee focussed on social media, a committee will be established with focal points in each of EASO’s Centres of business, and Units where necessary, in order to ensure coordination and planning. This includes focal points in EASO’s main operational areas. The **Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector must approve all communication which is to be made externally** (not to practitioners or direct stakeholders) and should be made aware of/involved in any such activities from an early stage.
5. Main messages and narrative

Main messages comprise the pertinent pieces of information the Agency conveys through its communication activities. EASO’s messages are limited in number, concise, simple, easy to remember and relevant:

- EASO’s mandate is to support Member States in applying the package of EU laws which governs international protection, known as the Common European Asylum System (CEAS);
- The Agency works to help Member States ensure fast and efficient asylum procedures;
- The ultimate aim of EASO’s work is to reach a situation where the asylum practices in all EU+ Member States are harmonised;
- To do this, EASO has progressed from an initial emphasis on technical support to an equal focus on the deployment of operational and capacity building assistance;
- EASO is a resource for Member States in the field of international protection, with the ability to provide practical, legal, technical, advisory and operational assistance in many formats;
- The Agency does not replace national asylum authorities, which are entirely responsible for national asylum cases.

Narrative format:

The European Asylum Support Office (EASO) is an Agency of the EU that is mandated with supporting Member States in applying the package of EU laws that governs asylum and international protection.

This package, which is known as the Common European Asylum System (CEAS), establishes the legally-binding rules and procedures that Member States must follow in order to guarantee that the rights of applicants for international protection are fully respected. It also ensures that those who do not qualify for international protection are identified and can be returned to their country of origin.

EASO therefore acts as a resource for Member States in the field of international protection, with the ability to provide practical, legal, technical, advisory and operational assistance in many formats. The Agency does not replace the national asylum authorities, which are entirely responsible for national asylum cases.

The ultimate aim of EASO’s work is to reach a situation where the asylum practices in all EU+ Member States are harmonised, meaning that an application of an individual in any of the EU+ Member States will always receive the same result. Similarly, an applicant will always go through a similar procedure with similar conditions, no matter which Member State s/he applies in.

In order to achieve this goal, EASO assists Member States through three pillars of support: (a) Technical; (b) Operational; and (c) Training.

[Elaboration when needed:]

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1 The main messages and narrative will need to be updated if/when the proposal for the EUAA is adopted.
1) **Technical Support:** EASO has provided an ever-expanding range of technical support measures, including publishing Country of Origin and Guidance materials; collecting, analysing and distributing asylum data; developing practical tools to achieve common standards and high-quality processes; advising on legal obligations, mapping practices in different Member States; and facilitating networks of expertise in different areas of asylum.

2) **Operational Support:** The Agency has gradually expanded its operational assistance to Member States, both in terms of the levels of assistance as well as the size of its operations. Operations now form a core part of the Agency’s activities. EASO currently has over [900] personnel deployed in [88] locations in [Greece, Italy, Cyprus and Malta], accounting for around [40%] of the Agency’s budget. EASO’s operations help relieve the pressures on Member States’ authorities, improve quality standards and contribute to more resilient national systems in the long-term.

The Agency also works outside the EU by helping provide access for persons in need of international protection through Resettlement. Additionally, EASO supports non-EU countries in establishing and/or strengthening their asylum and reception systems.

3) **Training:** The training of national asylum officials ensures a common high-level application of the CEAS standards. EASO both develops modules in various specific fields of EU asylum law and practices, and delivers the training to national officials as well as national instructors (train-the-trainer). EASO’s training curriculum currently has [24] modules, which have been delivered to over [33,500] participants.

EASO is awaiting the approval of a draft Regulation that would enhance the mandate of the Agency. The proposal establishes the European Union Agency for Asylum (EUAA) and mandates new roles that will give the Agency the ability to be more effective in ensuring the proper implementation of the CEAS. In particular, it would task the EUAA to monitor the national application of CEAS obligations and provide recommendations on how to make improvements when needed, while also establishing an operational Asylum Reserve Pool that could be deployed very quickly to support Member States when requested.
6. Target audience

The target audience of EASO’s communication is tiered into two categories as follow:

**Tier 1 (Primary focus):**
- EU+/Member State general public;
- ‘Brussels bubble’: EU policy makers and legislators working on asylum and migration.

**Tier 2 (Secondary focus):**
- Member State policy makers and legislators working on asylum and migration;
- Non-EU+ general public;
- Academia and Civil Society;
- Practitioners.

This revised strategy re-directs EASO’s communication away from practitioners and specialised audiences, towards the public. This is not only in order to fulfil EASO’s obligation as a publicly-funded Agency, but also to (a) support the European Commission’s political efforts to counter erroneous information about migration and asylum; and (b) to build broader recognition of EASO itself.

To support this, the Agency will also reassign more resources to the so-called ‘Brussels bubble’ in order to raise awareness by EU policy makers of EASO’s activities and keep them abreast of developments.
7. Annual communication planning, tools and activities

The EASO Communication Strategy shall be implemented through annual communication plans, to be adopted at the beginning of each year. The aim of this document is to summarise EASO’s main communication actions for the year ahead. The communication plan, which also reports on the activities and results of the previous year, sets out the communication goals for the year ahead; provides the budget and human resources; and highlights the main internal and external communication actions for the year ahead. The communication plans also include targets and deliverables.

The objectives outlined in the annual plans should be SMART: Specific, to make it clear what needs to be achieved; Measurable, to verify that the objective is achieved; Achievable and Realistic i.e. make sure we have the necessary resources, time, etc.; and Timely, to set a deadline by which to achieve the objective.

Tools and activities

One of the main objectives of this Communication Strategy is to raise awareness of EASO and what it does, meaning that brand recognition is a priority. Achieving this also facilitates the achievement of the other objectives (see above).

As such, EASO will focus on high-return communications, as also identified through its target audience (general public), which has a higher probability of permeating both national audiences. The primary tools are:

- Mass media (major networks, news wires and major national publications);
- Communication campaigns;
- Social media;
- Audio-visual content;
- Events.

In order to refocus on these platforms, EASO shall de-prioritise low-return activities that absorb a high degree of resources with little benefit. These include the External Newsletter (downgraded from monthly to quarterly), local-level community events, academic engagement, and a transformation of the ‘EASO Info Day’ from targeting asylum officials to targeting media and the public in key locations.

High-return activities shall be stepped-up instead, including:

- Regular press conferences and/or briefings in Brussels;
- Press briefings (both on- and off-the-record) in EASO’s primary operational areas, particularly Greece. These will be organised in cooperation with the national authorities and the European Commission;
- Press visits to EASO Operations;
- Organising appearances of the Executive Director on major TV news outlets;
- Custom made audio-visual products communicating the CEAS and EASO in a simple and positive manner. These will primarily be intended for delivery through social media, but television delivery can also be explored in the long-term, depending on costs;
- Op-Eds;
- Press interviews;
- Communication campaigns (considered to be both a tool and activity). Such campaigns can vary from a small short-term campaign relating to the publication of a press release, to a
Medium-scale/term campaign promoting an event or the release of a publication, to major campaigns that are tailor made or which support EU policies.

Medium and Major Campaigns will include thorough research and planning, as well as evaluations (see also ‘Campaigns’).
8. Press and media relation

The press and media is an important communication channel. Good media relations shall be used to multiply the effects of EASO’s messages, and increase the visibility of the Agency as a key information provider and as a voice in current affairs debates.

EASO shall adopt a proactive media approach, keep regular contact with journalists and distribute its press releases to a large number of journalists. In this context, amongst other things, EASO shall develop and maintain a core network of journalists across Europe. Where relevant, press releases shall be translated into other languages. When releasing a press release, EASO communication staff members shall follow up with selected journalists. All press releases shall be published on the EASO website and, when relevant, on social media. Press conferences shall be organised for selected reports and events.

In particular, and in order to focus on its aforementioned target audiences, EASO shall place particular emphasis on (a) the major international news wires; (b) major national and European news outlets; and (c) major EU news outlets.

Moreover, in reacting to requests from the media, EASO aims to reply to questions and requests from the press within one working day, unless the topic is particularly sensitive or complicated. The dedicated email address (press@easo.europa.eu) shall be actively promoted and utilised for this purpose.

EASO shall monitor its press coverage on a daily basis and shall keep record of media mentions. Key performance indicators shall include number of articles, the reach of such reporting, the relevance of media mentioning EASO, and number of questions being received from the press. A press monitoring report shall be issued at the beginning of each year and will be included within the annual communications plan.

External Communication Rules

In order to ensure a cohesive narrative, and to avoid conflicting messages, only the Executive Director and the Spokesperson(s)/Head of Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector are authorised to speak to journalists or media. Senior Management is also pre-identified to be in a position to speak to the press, such as by giving press conferences or interviews when needed, although prior approval from the Executive Director needs to be sought via the Spokesperson(s). Prior authorisation must also be obtained prior to any other EASO staff member speaking to, or communicating on, business related matters with the press, civil society, the public and academia.

In EASO’s operations, the heads of the respective operations are also pre-identified to speak to journalists and civil society, or to sub-delegate when needed. Prior approval from the Executive Director, and consultation with the Spokesperson(s), is also required in such cases.

The EASO External Communication Rules can be found in Annex I.
9. Social media and online communications

Together with press and traditional media, social media is the second focal tool for EASO’s communication. The interactive nature of Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn and other social media channels provides a wide array of opportunities to connect and interact with audiences that could not have been reached with traditional media. The different targeting of EASO’s three primary social media channels allows for the Agency to tailor different audiences, as follows:

- Facebook = General public;
- Twitter = Press, policy makers, politicians, EU/national officials, civil society, academia;
- LinkedIn = Practitioners, professionals, potential recruits.

Aware that frequency and dynamism are key components of a successful social media presence, EASO will ensure regularity in its updating/posting, and will also use tact in the timing of such posts in order to maximise the absorption of the messages contained within them.

New interactive tools will be explored, and the two-way dialogue on social media (notably Facebook Messenger) will be sustained when queries are received. In this regard, EASO communications staff will aim at ensuring a timely reply to queries.

EASO communications staff members shall manage EASO’s presence in the social media. Updates on the EASO website can be posted on social media, thereby reinforcing the website’s visibility and viewership. All relevant updates will be posted on social media, including – but not limited to – news and events, articles about EASO in the press, EASO’s newsletters and publications, press releases, multimedia material such as photo reports and videos, and new EASO products. EASO communication staff members shall also act as moderators by providing and verifying content. The actual selection of material shall be based upon the profiles of the primary users of the different channels. EASO will ensure that content published on social media is always relevant to the targeted audience, consistent with the main objectives of its communication strategy and suitable to the specific features of the channel.

Social media content shall almost always (except when not possible) make use of **audio-visual content** to make the content appealing, engaging, and easy to understand. This includes videos, slides, GIFs, photos and infographics.

Citizens and stakeholders are free to subscribe, share content, comment and ask questions related to EASO. In the event of comments of a racist, pornographic, aggressive or insulting nature, comments in capitals or including offensive pictures/GIFs, or comments containing information unrelated to EASO and its activities, EASO shall remove the comments. If a person repeats comments that can be described as above, the person can be banned from EASO’s social media. EASO has no obligation to communicate about the abovementioned actions, which are at the sole discretion of EASO’s Communications team.

The Twitter account of the Executive Director, as the ambassador of the Agency, shall be managed by the Communications team in direct close collaboration with him/her.

If a crisis occurs on social media, the guidelines contained in the EASO Crisis Communication Strategy shall be followed (see Annex II).
Since social media provides the opportunity to connect with people and show the Agency’s expertise, EASO will also encourage staff to play an active part in this process and support the Agency’s presence on social media.

Social media channels change regularly as well as their popularity. To keep up with this, EASO will constantly review how its audiences are present on social media, including the channels they use as well as their expectations and needs.

Because of the dynamic nature of social media, EASO’s activities on social media shall be evaluated regularly. Whereas the main objective of EASO’s presence in social media is to increase EASO’s presence and visibility on the internet, specific objectives and benchmarks shall be set to ensure the implementation of EASO’s social media activities. These may include:

- Number of subscribers;
- Number of times content is viewed, liked and shared;
- Number of users reached with any content.

Most social media provide extensive statistics on the behaviour of the subscribers and viewers, covering the quantitative indicators. The qualitative indicators are assessed by EASO within relevant timeframes.

See Annex III for detailed social media rules.

**Website**

EASO’s corporate website serves as the main information hub on EASO’s activities. The website displays relevant information pertaining to the Agency. This includes EASO’s operational, asylum support and training activities, news and events, publications, updates on governance, vacancy notices and procurement tenders. It also includes information about EASO’s cooperation with civil society and is interlinked with all EASO’s specialised portals and tools.

Jointly with ICT, the current website will be assessed and updated from its format/layout at the time of writing in order to make it easier to navigate and more modern in look. The website’s management, including updating and content management, will be coordinated by the EASO Webmaster, together with EASO’s ICT Unit.

The distinction of responsibilities will be as follows:

- **Communications and Public Relations Unit/Sector (Webmaster):** All content management and publications, as well as secondary infrastructure updates;
- **ICT Unit:** Permissions, maintenance and top-level infrastructure.

As the number of visitors and users on the corporate website is increasing, EASO will further explore options to introduce multilingual content in several EU and (possibly) third country languages. Finally, EASO will fully exploit the audio-visual opportunities provided at the EASO website ensuring a broader online presence.

In addition to the medium-term update, once the EUAA Regulation approved, the website will be revamped (on top of medium-term planned revamp) with a new visual identity.
10. Campaigns

Dedicated communication campaigns are a useful tool in order to deploy a broad variety of communication activities in a *coordinated manner*. Such campaigns ensure that the various communication activities are all targeted properly and improve absorption as such activities reinforce each other and ensure a cohesive approach. Campaigns, as a broad term, can vary in duration, format and implementation, based on the specific goal and context of the campaign.

Building on the experience gained over the past few years in both small and major campaigns, EASO will utilise integrated communication campaigns in various formats. Mini-campaigns will be a standard when launching press material on important developments.

All campaigns, no matter what size and duration (with the exception of very small campaigns to support press releases), must include a plan which outlines – as a minimum – the:

- Goals;
- Main messages;
- Target audiences;
- Communication tools to be utilised;
- Ownership and roles;
- Timeline;
- Evaluation.

Long-term campaigns should also include an evaluation report. When resources permit, EASO will also explore major multi-annual campaigns with specific financial commitments, dedicated human resources, in-depth planning, coordination with the European Commission and thorough evaluation.

All campaigns must be in line with this Communication Strategy.
11. Internal communication

Internal communication in EASO is a strategic management tool that ensures that staff members are duly informed about internal news and developments in a timely manner, and feel part of a common corporate endeavour. This enables the organisation to act efficiently and to live up to its values within the EU framework. Internal communication also involves cross-Centre/Department communication in a constantly growing Agency.

EASO considers internal communications as a strategic management tool that contributes to an efficient communication process, satisfactory level of transparency and EASO’s good reputation, and plays an important role in staff members’ motivation and engagement. Successful internal communication is dependent on both the support of Management and the efforts of all EASO staff. While partly the responsibility of Heads of Centers/Units/Sectors, the growing number of staff members necessitates a coordinated corporate approach, which is managed by the Communication and Public Relations Unit/Sector.

The core objectives of EASO’s internal communication are:

- Keeping and strengthening the already established corporate culture of sharing information with all staff on news, priorities, achievements, on-going projects at EASO;
- Helping staff understand how their individual work contributes to the bigger goals of the Agency.

EASO’s internal communication shall be guided by the following **aims and principles**:

- **Efficiency**: staff members can be more effective and efficient if they can easily find information that is relevant for their work, and if they share information, through established communication channels, and keep on improving collaboration within the organisation.
- **Transparency**: is the key to building trust by an open two-way communication, particularly important in times of change or crisis. Internal communication supports management in delivering timely, coherent and clear communication within the Agency.
- **Reputation**: effective internal communication facilitates consistency in the organisation’s messages, thus strengthening its reputation and supporting the development of the organisational culture. The way internal communication is managed, goes hand-by-hand with the objectives of the External Communication Strategy so that staff members retain a common rhetoric.
- **Motivation and engagement**: internal communication also concerns the level of staff members’ motivation, belonging and commitment. Such concerns are addressed in collaboration with EASO’s Management, HR Unit, and EASO Staff Committee. Internal communications can help to empower staff members and support the establishment of an effective organisational culture.

Internal communication activities shall include: internal daily press extracts; brown bag events (informal events of a more social nature); information sessions; core business briefings, implementation and management of the Intranet system; regular dissemination of online bulletins and internal newsletters; distribution of any relevant information via the appropriate communication channels; the display of pertinent information on internal screens, and also other activities aiming at
strengthening the team spirit and staff integration. All such activities shall apply equally to staff located in EASO’s operations and/or liaison offices, including by ensuring that remote access is available for all relevant meetings.

Internal communication shall be coordinated by an Internal Communications Officer, supported by other EASO communications staff members with the assistance of HR Unit, ICT Unit, Logistics and Administration Department. EASO’s internal communication activities shall be monitored via both quantitative and qualitative data. An annual internal communication plan shall be annexed to the annual communication plan.
12. Pre-press, publications and translations

EASO communication staff members coordinate all EASO publications and translations and have a role in ensuring that EASO publications are prepared on time and are of the highest quality.

While EASO strives to reduce its use of paper by focussing primarily on electronic distribution methods, professional-level print publications continue to be both useful to stakeholders, as well as an important visibility component for the Agency. Utilising its own professional-grade printing suite, the Agency strives to produce and print as much of its own publications as possible in-house in order to reduce costs and achieve a quick turnaround time. The Agency will strive to achieve as close to a 100% rate of in-house printing as possible, while also working ‘on demand’ in order to avoid waste and unnecessary costs.

All pre-press design work of EASO’s external publications must either be carried out by the Graphic Designer within the communications team, or be approved/finalised by said individual, in order to ensure consistency with the visual identity and a professional appearance. The official visual identity remains the de-facto standard for all external publications. However, due to (a) the outdated nature of the visual identity combined with the ongoing delay in the approval of the EUAA Regulation; and (b) the ad hoc nature of certain EASO publications which do not necessarily conform to established templates within the visual identity, certain products may adopt ‘stand-alone’ designs which must, nevertheless, be inspired by the corporate identity. Certain high-level events may also – when warranted – adopt a unique corporate identity to identify and promote said event (and relevant publications and materials).

EASO shall implement a workflow system in order to organise the various stages of the pre-press and printing process, from request to delivery. This shall include specific IT software which is user-friendly for all stakeholders.

As an EU Agency, EASO requires the translation of numerous products into both official EU+ languages, as well as specific third country languages. In light of the exponential growth in such products, while the communications team shall maintain overall oversight, the management of translations shall be decentralised in order to ensure efficiency.
13. Crisis communication

A crisis is any situation that threatens the integrity or reputation of the Agency and which may threaten the safety of EASO premises and staff members of the Agency. In order to address such situations, EASO has a Crisis Communications Strategy in place. The aim of the Crisis Communications Strategy is to outline a generic plan for crisis communication. Challenges to the Agency’s reputation may come in various forms. Nevertheless, if a crisis is handled correctly, the damage can be minimised. The EASO Crisis Communication Strategy aims at achieving the following objectives:

- Ensure safety of EASO staff members;
- Minimise any potential damage to the Agency;
- Communicate in a clear, cohesive and trustful way (tell it all, tell it fast and tell the truth);
- Reach out to the public;
- Streamline communication messages and processes;
- Be readily accessible to the media and reply to questions within the shortest possible time frames;
- Keep all relevant parties duly informed.

The Crisis Communication Strategy sets out the principles and the steps to be followed in order to manage communications in the event of a crisis.

In a crisis situation, only the Executive Director and/or the Spokesperson(s) are permitted to comment publicly.

The EASO Crisis Communication Strategy can be found in Annex II.
14. Visual identity

EASO communication efforts shall aim at effective branding and reputation management. It is pertinent to create trust and a positive reputation amongst different stakeholders. Our brand defines the way we want to be perceived by our stakeholders, the media and the general public, but also impacts internal communications.

In this context, in 2013, EASO adopted its visual identity. The visual identity fosters engagement and a sense of unity among EASO staff members. Its correct adoption is crucial in order to communicate in a consistent way with external partners and strengthen EASO’s public recognition.

EASO communication staff members shall act as EASO ‘brand managers’ and pro-actively promote and encourage the right use of the tools contained in its visual identity in all its internal and external activities. EASO communication staff members will organise internal seminars to remind EASO staff members of the correct use of the visual identity. EASO will also inform newcomers of the visual identity.

A single brand shall be utilised in all external communication. Tailored branding shall be discouraged, except when justified (such as major events).

In light of the outdated nature of EASO’s current brand – and the ongoing delay with the approval of the proposed EUAA Regulation – the Agency will gradually update certain current templates in order to provide a more contemporary and modern look to its corporate identity.

Once the EUAA Regulation is approved, EASO’s entire visual identity will be changed and modernised.
15. Evaluation and amendments

The implementation of the Communication Strategy, through the annual Communication Plans, will be continuously monitored and evaluated.

The aim of the evaluation is to verify that the work addresses the needs of the key target groups and relevant messages are delivered in an efficient and timely manner. The evaluation shall include both quantitative and qualitative analysis. Using this evaluation, the communication strategy shall be updated at least once every four years, as is the case with this update.

The approval of the pending proposal to transform EASO into the EUAA will most likely require an additional updating of this Strategy.

Regular evaluation activities shall include:

- Daily media monitoring (keeping account of EASO’s exposure in the media);
- An annual communication plan to outline the year’s main communication activities and goals;
- Continuous monitoring of analytical tools measuring the reach of EASO’s communications in the press;
- Maintaining a press archive for long-term media analysis;
- Output analysis (ensuring timely replies to press questions, amount of yearly press releases issued and interviews with the press);
- User surveys (for example, for the website, meetings and newsletters);
- Quarterly and annual analyses of EASO’s website and social media traffic;
- Following up on any recommendations of the Internal Audit Service;
- In the long term, a qualitative study of the image of the Agency and public knowledge about the Agency shall be conducted by external evaluators.

A report on the previous annual performance of the Agency in the press accounting for the above, will be included in the annual Communication Plan.
16. Human and financial resources

EASO has a specific budget reserved for communication activities, split into several budget lines. **Financial resources** shall be allocated on a yearly basis and are documented in the annual communication plan. These resources will serve to achieve EASO’s communications goals and professionalise its communication tools.

In terms of **human resources**, the following 14 posts are identified as necessary in order to properly implement this strategy. This estimate is accurate at the time of writing and is subject to re-evaluation on a continuous basis:

- Head of Communication and Public Relations Unit (AD10) [Includes management of Events and Protocol Sector]
- Head of Communication and Public Relations Sector/Spokesperson (AD8)
- Spokesperson (Currently AD5/AD6)
- Press Officer/Deputy Spokesperson (AD5)
- Campaigns Officer (AST4)
- Communications Assistant (Events, Publications, Translations, Visits) (AST4)
- Administrative Assistant (AST3)
- Photographer and Videographer (AST2)
- 2x Graphic Designer and Printing Assistant (FGIII)
- Webmaster (FGIII)
- Internal Communication Officer (FGIII)
- Social Media Officer (FGIII)
- Press and Communications Assistant (FGIII)

The possibility of recruiting a Press Officer (AST4) to be based in Greece should also be considered.