

# Input by civil society organisations to the Asylum Report 2023

Fields marked with \* are mandatory.

Dear Colleagues,

The production of the *Asylum Report 2023* is currently underway. The annual [Asylum Report series](#) presents a comprehensive overview of developments in the field of asylum at the regional and national levels.

The report includes information and perspectives from various stakeholders, including experts from EU+ countries, civil society organisations, UNHCR and researchers. To this end, we invite you, our partners from civil society, academia and research institutions, to share with us your reporting on developments in asylum law, policies or practices in 2022 (and early 2023) by topic as presented in the online survey.

Please note that the Asylum Report does not seek to describe national systems in detail but rather to present key developments of the past year, including improvements and challenges which remain. Your input can cover practices of a specific EU+ country or the EU as a whole. You can complete all or only some of the sections.

All submissions are publicly accessible. For transparency, 2023 contributions will be published on the EUAA webpage. For reference, contributions to the 2022 Asylum Report by civil society organisations can be accessed [here](#), under 'Acknowledgements'. All contributions should be appropriately referenced. You may include links to supporting material, such as analytical studies, articles, reports, websites, press releases or position papers. If your organisation does not produce any publications, please make reference to other published materials, such as joint statements issued with other organisations. Some sources of information may be in a language other than English. In this case, please cite the original language and, if possible, provide one to two sentences describing the key messages in English.

The content of the Asylum Report is subject to terms of reference and volume limitations. Contributions from civil society organisations feed into EUAA's work in multiple ways and inform reports and analyses beyond the Asylum Report.

Your input matters to us and will be much appreciated!

\*Please complete the online survey and submit your contribution to the Asylum Report 2023 by **Friday, 3 February 2023.**\*

## Instructions

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Before completing the survey, please review the list of topics and types of information that should be included in your submission.

For each response, only include the following type of information:

- New developments and improvements in 2022 and new or remaining challenges; and
- Changes in policies or practices, transposition of legislation or institutional changes during 2022.

Please ensure that your responses remain within the scope of each section. Thus, kindly refrain from including information that goes beyond the thematic focus of each section or is not related to recent developments.

## Contributions by topic

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### **1. Access to territory and access to the asylum procedure (including first arrival to territory and registration, arrival at the border, application of the non-refoulement principle, the right to first response (shelter, food, medical treatment) and issues regarding border guards)**

### **2. Access to information and legal assistance (including counselling and representation)**

### **3. Provision of interpretation services (e.g. introduction of innovative methods for interpretation, increase/decrease in the number of languages available, change in qualifications required for interpreters)**

Desde el origen de Accem y dado el contexto de trabajo especializado con personas solicitantes de asilo, refugio y migrantes, la entidad tuvo muy clara la importancia de disponer de un servicio de interpretación y traducción propio que facilitara las comunicaciones con las personas, en su propio idioma o dialecto, y garantizase la calidad de los intercambios de información, para que pudieran tomar decisiones informadas y conscientes.

Para llevar a cabo el servicio, se cuenta con una red de más de 1500 colaboradores, que nos permite cubrir la práctica totalidad de idiomas/dialectos demandados. La atención de calidad del servicio es su seña de identidad, por ello, siempre que es posible, se toma en cuenta el género a la hora de asignar el intérprete más adecuado. En línea con el contexto humanitario de 2022, los idiomas más demandados a nivel nacional han sido: ucraniano, árabe (dariyha), Bambara, wolof, ruso, dari y francés y las nacionalidades más atendidas: Ucrania, Marruecos, Mali y Senegal.

Hemos mantenido la presencia del servicio con los financiadores históricos de la entidad (Ministerio de Inclusión y Seguridad Social), además de los programas autonómicos. Este año, en respuesta a las nuevas demandas y necesidades hemos dado soporte con equipos de intérpretes y traductores a otras instituciones especializadas en asilo y atención a personas vulnerables:

- Servicio de interpretación de Canarias. Con un equipo formado por 13 profesionales distribuidos/as en Gran Canaria, Fuerteventura, Lanzarote y Tenerife, que ha realizado interpretaciones presenciales y online en diferentes lenguas: árabe, dariyha, wolof, francés, soninke, bambara, pular, mandinga, fula, djula, inglés, bereber y hassania.
- Servicio de interpretación de ucraniano formado por 4 profesionales que dan soporte en Alicante, Barcelona, Málaga y Madrid.
- Servicios de interpretación de ruso y ucraniano para dos recursos residenciales especializados en la atención a personas con discapacidad.

#### **4. Dublin procedures (including the organisational framework, practical developments, suspension of transfers to selected countries, detention in the framework of Dublin procedures)**

#### **5. Special procedures (including border procedures, procedures in transit zones, accelerated procedures, admissibility procedures, prioritised procedures or any special procedure for selected caseloads)**

#### **6. Reception of applicants for international protection (including information on reception capacities – increase/decrease/stable, material reception conditions - housing, food, clothing and**

**financial support, contingency planning in reception, access to the labour market and vocational training, medical care, schooling and education, residence and freedom of movement)**

**7. Detention of applicants for international protection (including detention capacity – increase /decrease/stable, practices regarding detention, grounds for detention, alternatives to detention, time limit for detention)**

**8. Procedures at first instance (including relevant changes in: the authority in charge, organisation of the process, interviews, evidence assessment, determination of international protection status, decisionmaking, timeframes, case management - including backlog management)**

**9. Procedures at second instance (including organisation of the process, hearings, written procedures, timeframes, case management -including backlog management)**

**10. Availability and use of country of origin information (including organisation, methodology, products, databases, fact-finding missions, cooperation between stakeholders)**

**11. Vulnerable applicants (including definitions, special reception facilities, identification mechanisms/referrals, procedural standards, provision of information, age assessment, legal guardianship and foster care for unaccompanied and separated children)**

**12. Content of protection (including access to social security, social assistance, healthcare, housing and other basic services; integration into the labour market; measures to enhance language skills; measures to improve attainment in schooling and/or the education system and/or vocational training)**

**13. Return of former applicants for international protection**

**14. Resettlement and humanitarian admission programmes (including EU Joint Resettlement Programme, national resettlement programme (UNHCR), National Humanitarian Admission Programme, private sponsorship programmes/schemes and ad hoc special programmes)**

**15. Relocation (ad hoc, emergency relocation; developments in activities organised under national schemes or on a bilateral basis)**

**16. National jurisprudence on international protection in 2022 (please include a link to the relevant case law and/or submit cases to the [EUAA Case Law Database](#))**

**17. Other important developments in 2022**

## References and sources

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**18. Please provide links to references and sources or upload any related material in PDF format**

**19. Feedback or suggestions about the process or format for submissions to the Asylum Report**

Please upload your file

The maximum file size is 1 MB

## Contact details

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\* Name of Organisation

Accem

Name and title of contact person

**\* Email**

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I accept the provisions of the EUAA [Legal and Privacy Statements](#)

## Useful links

[EUAA Asylum Report 2022](https://euaa.europa.eu/asylum-knowledge/asylum-report) (<https://euaa.europa.eu/asylum-knowledge/asylum-report>)

[Executive Summary -Asylum Report 2022](https://euaa.europa.eu/executive-summary-asylum-report-2022) (<https://euaa.europa.eu/executive-summary-asylum-report-2022>)

[Sources on Asylum 2022](https://euaa.europa.eu/publications/sources-asylum-2022) (<https://euaa.europa.eu/publications/sources-asylum-2022>)

[National asylum developments database](https://euaa.europa.eu/national-asylum-developments-database) (<https://euaa.europa.eu/national-asylum-developments-database>)

## Background Documents

[Word template to submit input](#)

## Contact

[Contact Form](#)