



European Asylum Support Office

SUPPORT IS OUR MISSION

EASO Consultative Forum 11-12 December 2014

Round Table 1

David Dowe

Centre for Information, Documentation and Analysis

Early Warning and Preparedness (EPS data)

Scale and scope of potential crises

Response and contingency planning

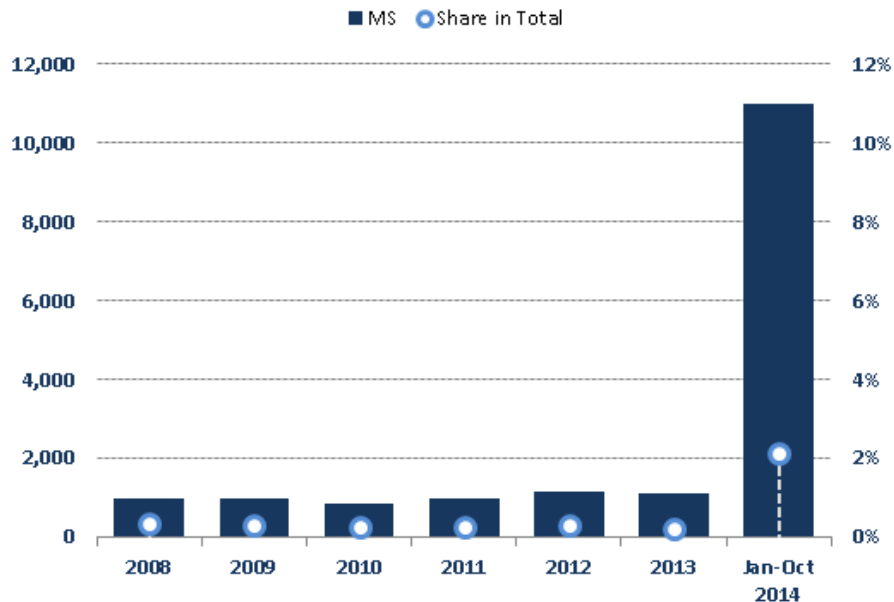
Constraints and inherent difficulties



Ukrainian applicants for international protection in EU+

Early Warning and Preparedness

Annual trend and share since 2008



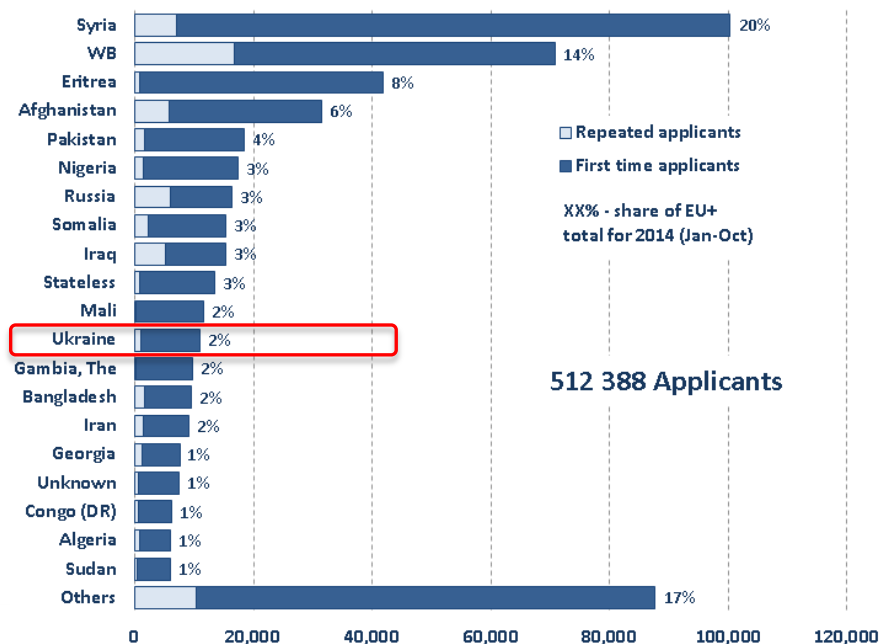
- Early warning is essential because of the scale of unprecedented flows
- Average number of applicants went from 1000 per year to over 11000 at EU+ level to date in 2014



Ukrainian applicants for international protection in EU+

- For the January to October 2014 period, Ukrainian applicants represented 2% of EU+ total
- But aggregate figures can hide important trends

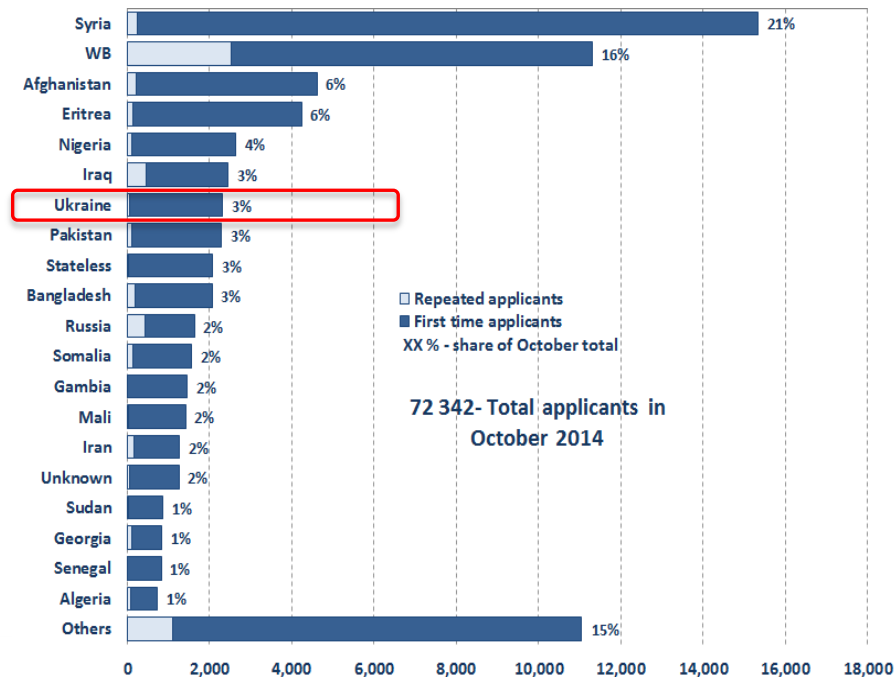
EU+ applicants – main citizenships, January -October 2014



Ukrainian applicants for international protection in EU+

- For the January to October 2014 period, Ukrainian applicants represented 2% of EU+ total
- But aggregate figures can hide important trends
- Monthly data is essential for early warning of a crisis

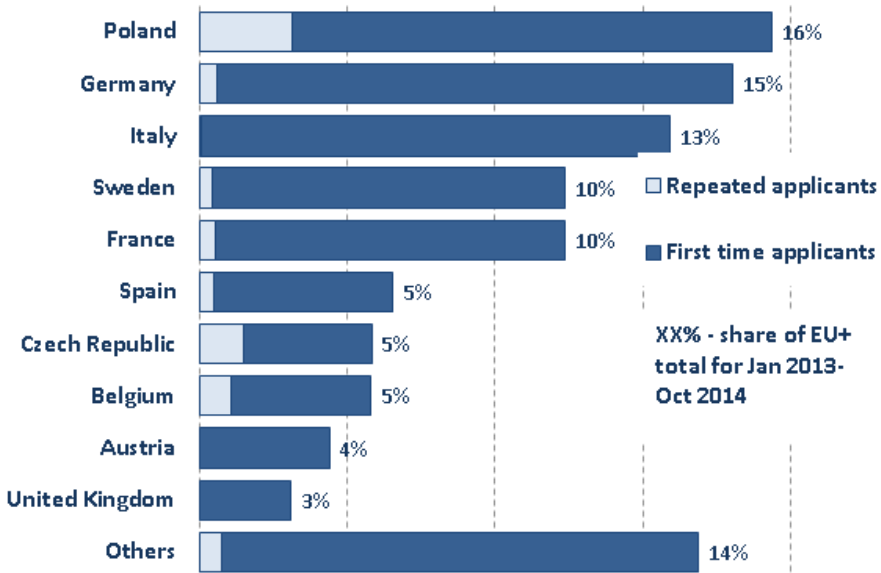
EU+ applicants – main citizenships, October 2014



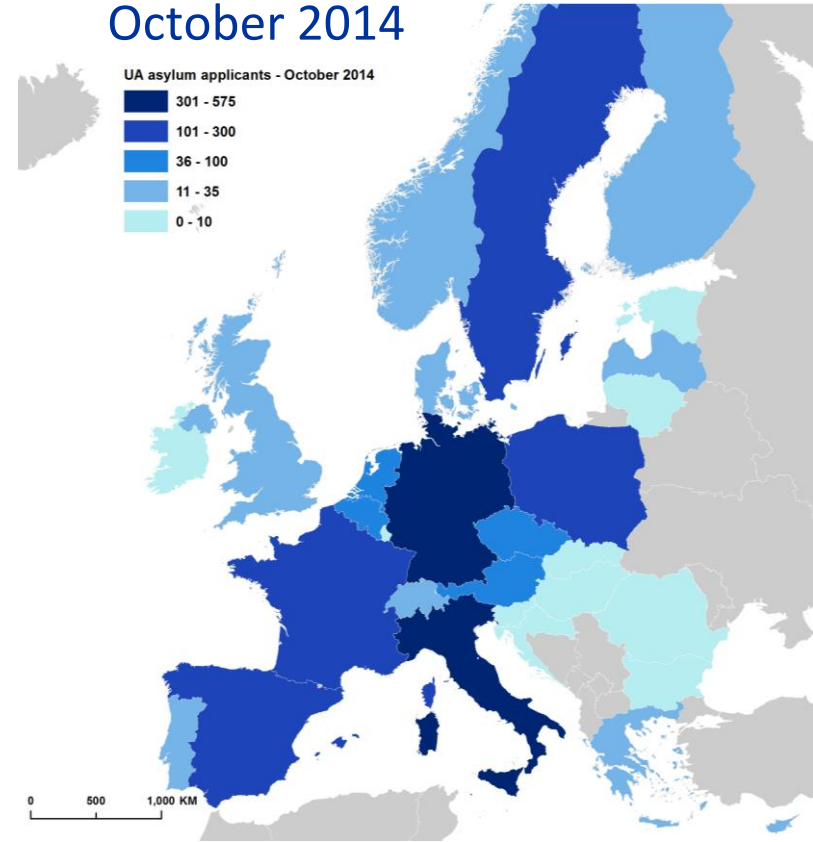
Main Receiving Countries of Ukrainian Applicants

Scale and Scope: Distribution of influx

January 2013 – October 2014



October 2014



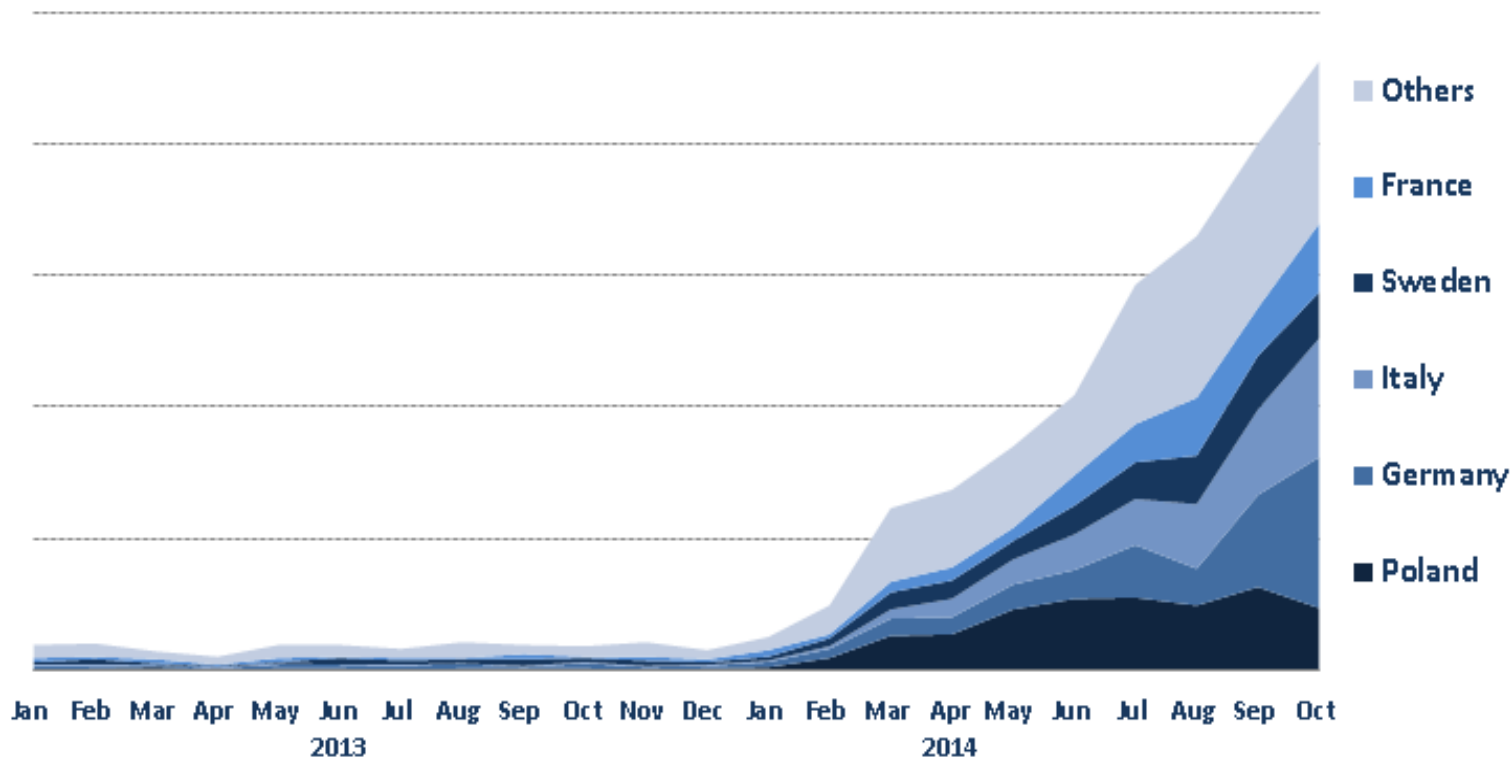
Scale and scope of potential crises: Ukrainians

- Switch from traditional receiving countries to general phenomenon
- Several Member States showed large increases early in 2014
- Again: monthly data show breaking trends and distribution across EU+ countries: by October, all EU+ countries received at least 1 Ukrainian applicant



Main Receiving Countries of Ukrainian Applicants

January 2013 – October 2014: Breaking trend since March 2014 (Monthly data)



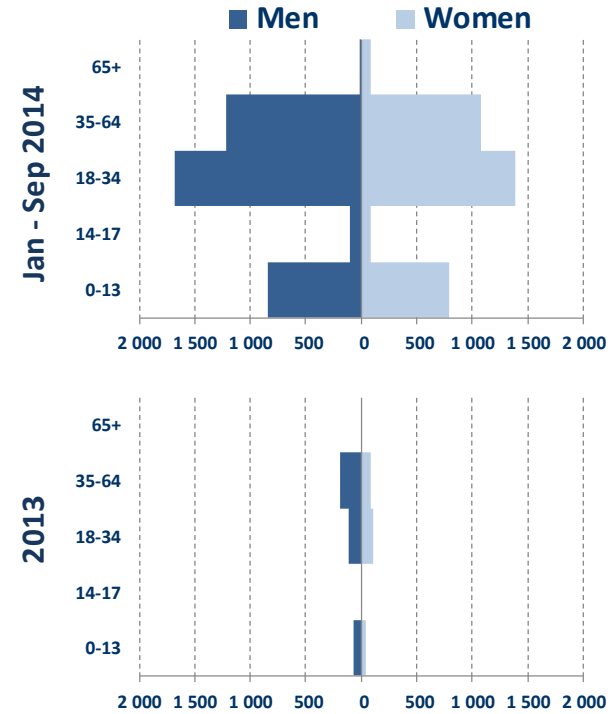
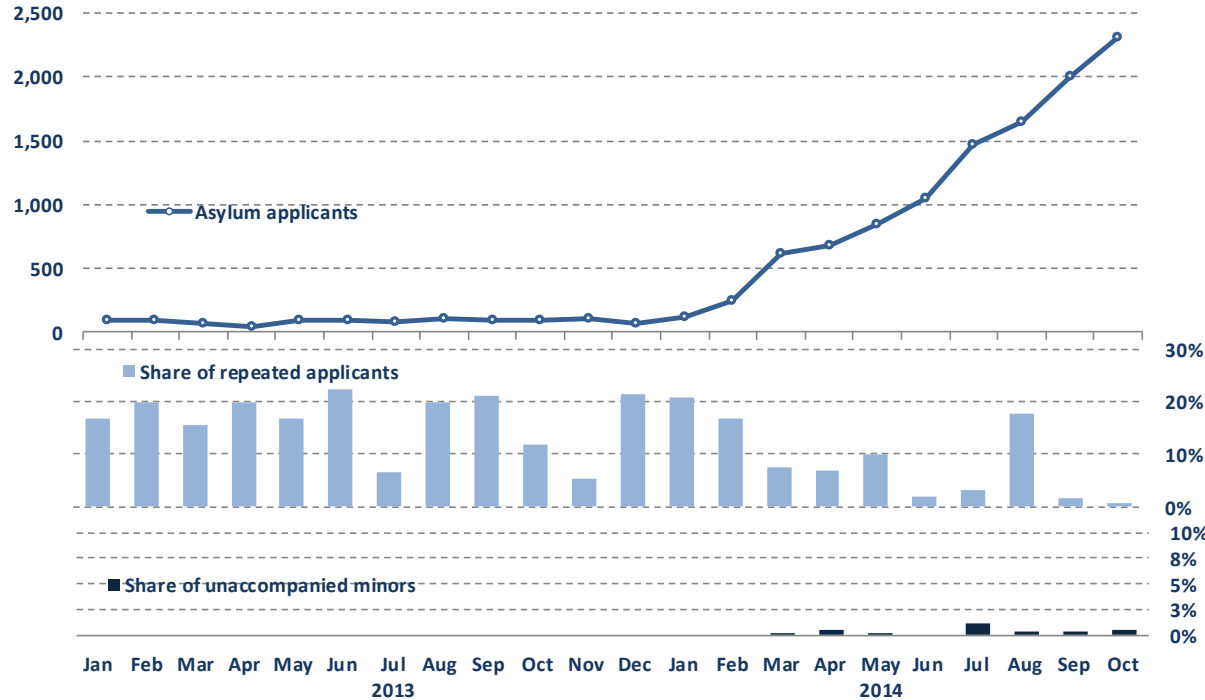
Response and contingency planning

- Depends on how applicants are applying: for Ukrainians this is not clear – information gaps
- Applicant profiles may vary by receiving State:
 - *Sur place* applications (IT, ES, CY, PT)
 - Group dynamics: First-time/repeated; demographic groups; location of lodging claim
 - What matters for contingency planning?
- Roles for civil society; other stakeholders



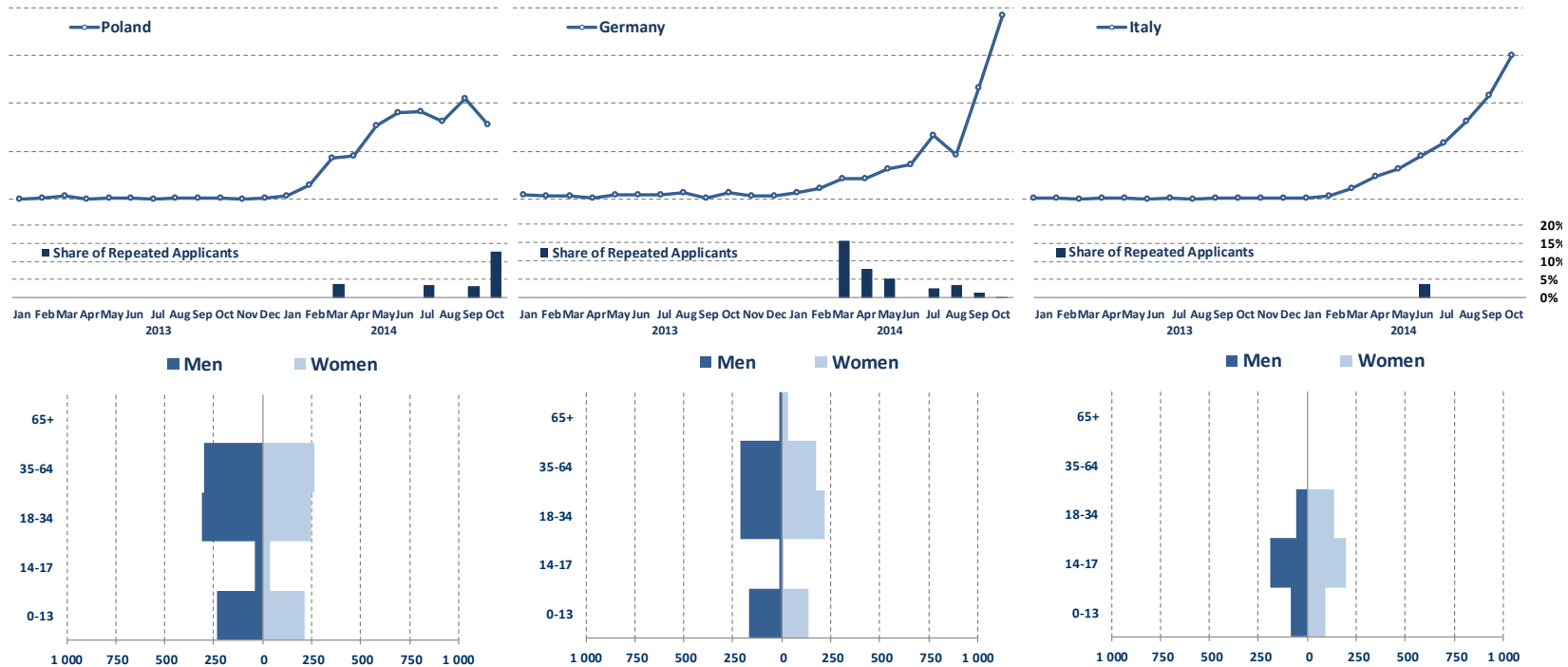
Ukrainian applicants for international protection in EU+

January 2013 – October 2014: Monthly trend and main profile characteristics

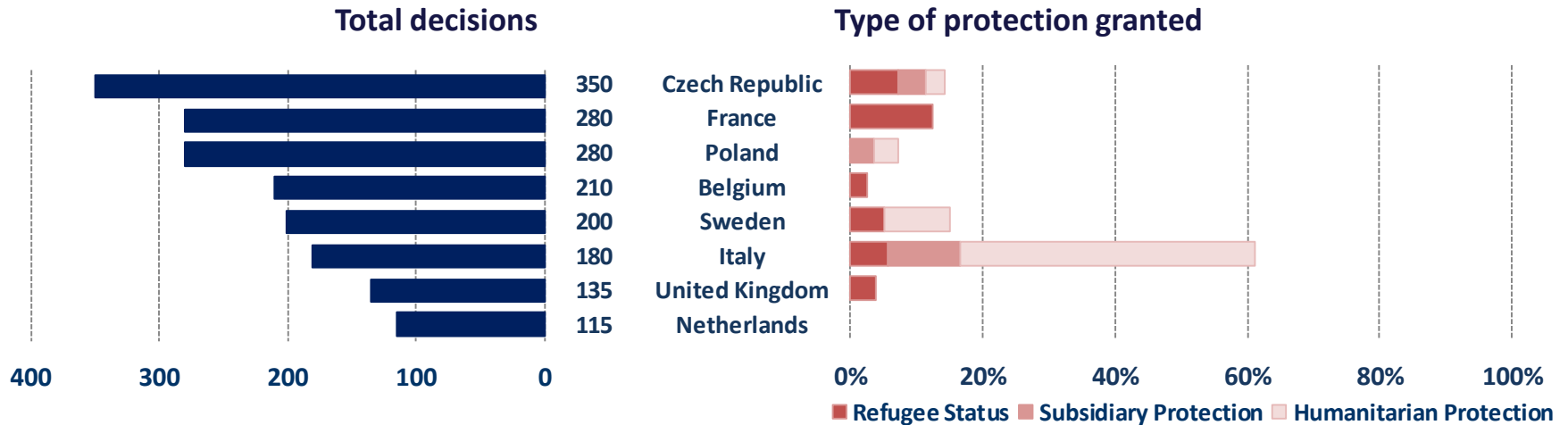


Main Receiving Countries of Ukrainian Applicants

January 2013 – Oct 2014: Monthly trend and main profile characteristics

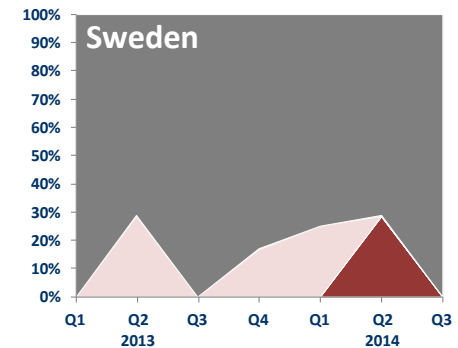
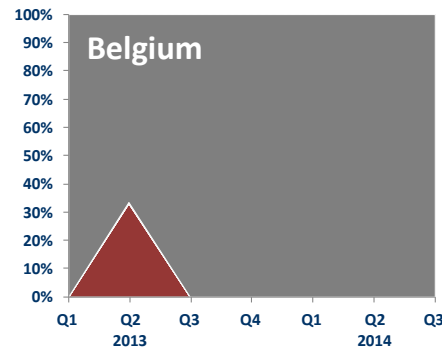
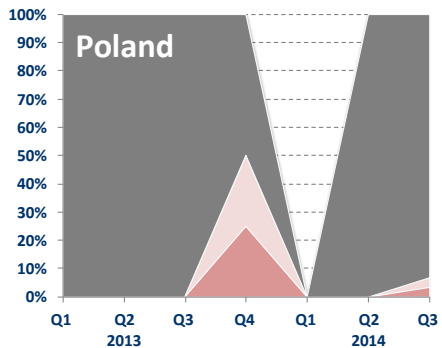
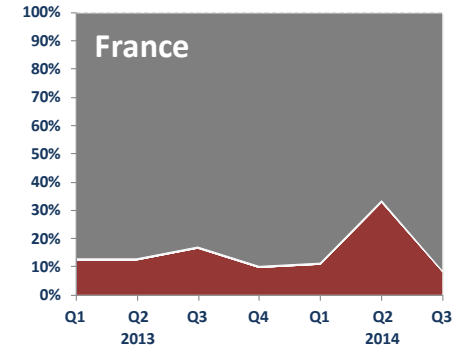
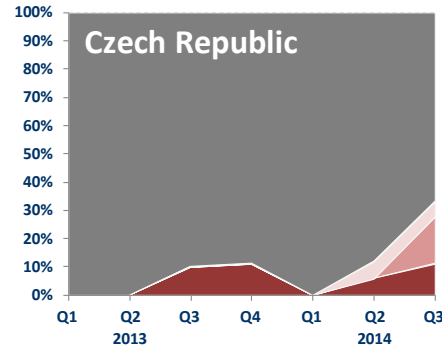
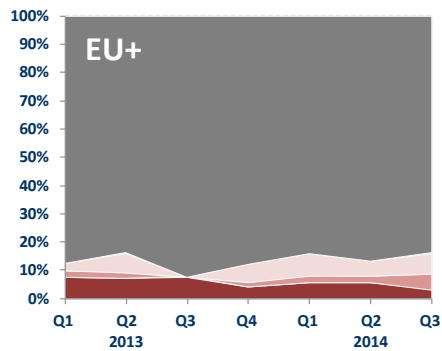


First instance decisions and type of decisions issued in the EU+ January 2013 – September 2014



Type of decisions issued in the EU+

Q1 2013 – Q3 2014, evolution in EU+ and 5 Countries



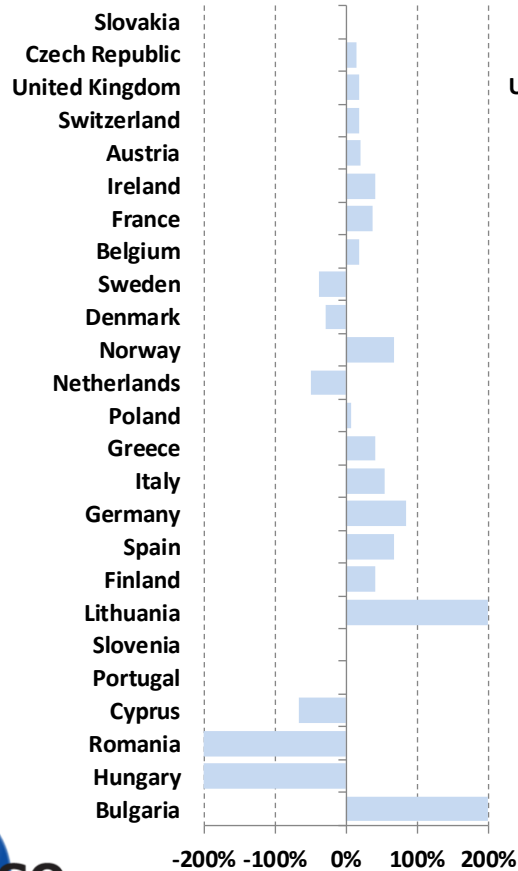
Constraints and inherent difficulties

- Lack of information on reception availability/capacity
- Dynamics: quick changes with large numbers reach the limits of State systems even those with the best contingency planning
- Forward-looking: Improvement in timely information on applicant profiles and location
- Contingency plans only for asylum services or national plans mobilising all necessary resources

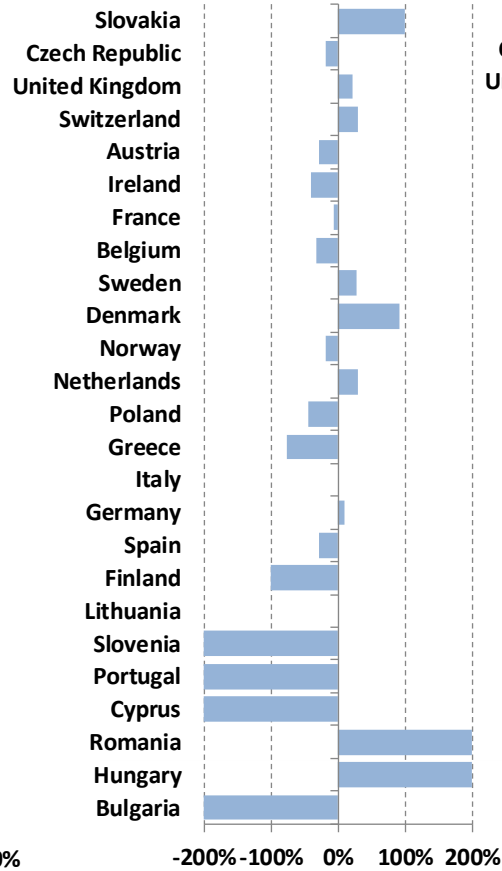


Year-to-year change in main receiving countries (change/average)

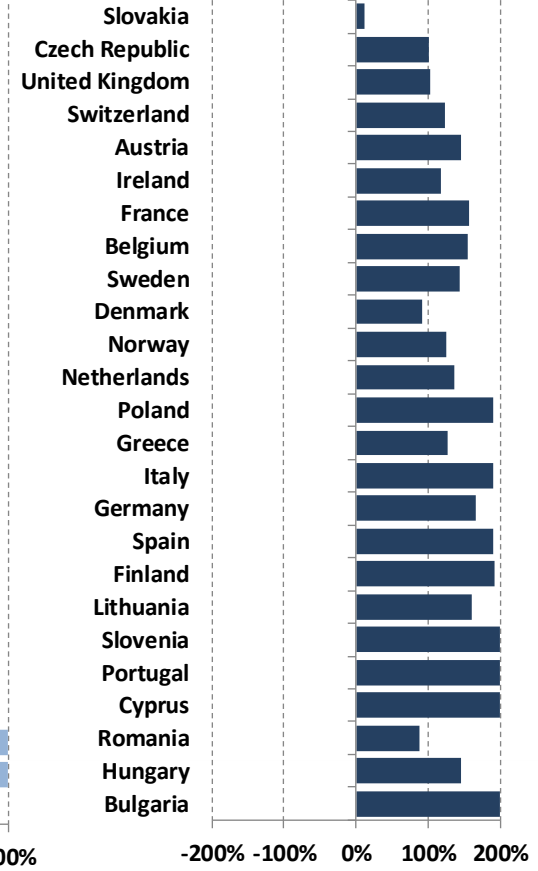
2011 to 2012



2012 to 2013



2013 to 2014 (Oct)





European Asylum Support Office

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Thank you

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